

OUR PAPER  
COVERS THE  
DISTRICT

VOLUME 10, NUMBER 48

# The Carbon Chronicle

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1932

\$2.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

OUR PRINTING  
EDITS & ART  
CITY WORK

## THE WORLD OVER

MRS. MOLLISON BREAKS RECORD

IRISH FARMERS PROTEST ACTION

ELECTION BET, TO SHAVE PIO

Cutting almost ten hours off the record for flight from England to Cape Town, Amy Johnson last week eclipsed the record from her husband, Capt. J. A. Mollison, and over a deserted her as she landed at her destination. The flight was over a period of four days and during that time Mrs. Mollison had only five hours sleep.

DUBLIN.—One hundred thousand farmers from Dublin to demonstrate their march on Dublin to demonstrate their condition of distress, if the proposal of the Mullingar branch of the Westmeath farmers is carried out. The resolution passed by the Mullingar branch proposes that the marchers should "leave before President Eamon de Valero the distressful position of themselves and their wives and families and call on him and the government to forthwith restore our markets and our means of livelihood." The discontent manifest by the farmers of the Mullingar branch is resultant from the policy of President de Valero in declining to pay the annuities due to Britain.

NEW LEXINGTON.—A three-ring comedy was in the making as Congressman M. G. Underwood searched his farm for a thick-haired pig, and planned to collect on an election bet. The squirming porker is to be the central character in the comedy which apparently could be entitled "A pig's life," or "Leave me if you can." Third number of the cast will be Sylvester Kelly, main street barber. Time: Friday morning. Place: on main street. Admission: Free. Kelly made a serious error several weeks ago when he bet the Congressman would not get as high a majority in the eighth district election as he had been given him before. Underwood agreed if he lost to patronize Kelly's barber shop the rest of the year. Kelly warned that if he lost he would "have a pig."

St. Peter (to arrive in Heaven): How did you get here?  
Latest Arrival: "Pig."

## NYAL CREOPHOS

A strengthening tonic and tissue builder recommended for Stomach, Deep-seated Coughs, Bronchitis, Etc. Owing to its antiseptic nature, Creophos is most valuable in combating disease germs and is a tonic after the "flu".

\$1.00 PER BOTTLE

## MACK'S DRUG STORE

A. P. MacKinnon, PHM. B. Prescription Specialist, CARBON, ALTA.

## 66c a Bushel for Wheat!

OF OUR OFFER TO ACCEPT 3 BUSHELS of No. 1 WHEAT IN PAYMENT OF ARREARS TO "CARBON CHRONICLE"

## EXPIRES Nov. 30

From now till the end of November we will accept three bushels of No. 1 wheat, or its equivalent, in payment of arrears to The Chronicle. When this offer expires, all subscription accounts will be payable at the regular rate of \$2.00 per year.

Never Again Will We Make This Attractive Offer. We Cannot Afford to Take Such a Large Loss.

## FRED G. BURKE REFUSES WHEN EVIDENCE ASK'D

Somewhat of a sensation was caused Saturday morning in police court at Drumheller, at the adjourned hearing of the charge of receiving stolen goods of the charge against Harry Bodechuck of Wayne, when Fred G. Burke, the first witness called, refused to take the oath and give evidence of the prosecution.

Burke is at present serving three years of these charges of cattle stealing, out of which the charge against Bodechuck arose. His confederates, John Ward and William Pettit, also serving sentences in connection with the cattle stealing charges, were also being called as witnesses against the Wayne butcher.

When Burke refused to give evidence C.A. Edwards, agent for the Attorney General, asked the court to adjourn the hearing and commit the accused for Custody. W. R. Sandrock, counsel for Bodechuck, would not consent, but court granted the adjournment and committed refractory witness to jail. An adjournment was granted until Saturday, and in the meantime it is said that Burke, Ward and Pettit are appealing against their sentences on the cattle stealing charge.

The regular meeting of the Huxley to Granger District Association T.G.A. will be held in Huxley on Wednesday, November 23rd at 11:00 a.m. At 2:30 p.m. the meeting will be adjourned to open a

## MASS MEETING

Where you will be needed to help form some plan to equalize the farmers' debts with the present price of its products, and also to assure a reasonable return on cost of production by

- 1st Reduction of acreage.
  - 2nd A minimum price in payment of old debt.
  - 3rd Abandonment of Gold Standard.
  - 4th United action on any demand.
- By F. S. Grisdale, M.L.A., will be present and Mr. Grisdale will address the meeting at 1:00 p.m.

## EPIDEMIC OF 'FLU' PREVAILS

The town and district of Carbon has been experiencing a mild epidemic of the 'flu, similar in many respects to the 1918 variety, and several of the homes have already been visited by this dreaded malady. Some of the first signs of an epidemic occurred at the local mines and within three days after the outbreak almost seventy-five per cent of the men were ill and as a result the mines have been greatly handicapped and the mining and shipping of coal has been delayed.

The local school was also shortly after the children have been away from school, although the authorities evidently did not deem the epidemic serious enough to close the institution.

## FARMERS MAY OBTAIN WINTER HELP FREE AND \$5.00 TO FEED THEM UNDER RELIEF SCHEME

Opportunity For Those Who Need Help to Secure Same and Also \$5 a Month

No further registrations of single unemployed men from other centres or other provinces are being accepted at Calgary. Edmonton and 10 other points where community kitchens are established, according to an order issued by the Alberta relief commission. All single unemployed in centres other than those in which kitchens are established will be cared for at their own centres of residence, state the commission. Arrangements have been made respecting employment of single unemployed on farms. Farmers may come into the centres and select from those registered under the jurisdiction of the relief commission at the unemployment bureau, and provided a mutual arrangement is arrived at, the federal government will pay \$5 per month to the farmer, and the same to the man employed. The farmer must agree to keep the man until next spring and the man employed must agree to stay till then.

## DOCTOR X IS NEXT PICTURE AT THE CARBON THEATRE

Carrying the old adage that "the pen is mightier than the sword" one step further and bringing it down to date, it is equally true that the screen is mightier than the pen—at least it can put the typewriter to shame in presenting an absorbing mystery to an audience.

This is demonstrated by First National in the mystery melodrama, "Doctor X," coming to the Carbon Theatre on Monday, November 28th, and in Technicolor with an all star cast of stage and screen persons. Titles.

The printed or written word could never conjure up for the mind a mental picture of mystery equal to that produced in the filmed version of the stage play, "Doctor X." Effects which the mystery story writers always strive for have been accomplished.

Mystery stories, mystery plays and mystery thrillers on the screen, when properly done, have been popular with the public. By poking his camera into every threatening shadow and close against every appalling development of the story of Doctor X, Director Curtis has managed to bring the mystery and thrill closer to an audience than ever before. A pretty romance and an abundance of comedy add to the enjoyment of the story, by easing the terrific tension of the story when the suspense becomes too terrific.

NAVIGATION ON GREAT LAKES. WILL SOON BE CLOSED

This is the season of "northwesterners" on the Great Lakes, and already the end of navigation is in sight. Within four days a start will be made on the withdrawing of navigation aside in the upper lakes, and they will gradually disappear until the end of the closing of navigation on December 15. This will bring in the lighthouse keepers from their lonely stations along the rocky shores of Lake Superior. All lake shipping, all lake navigation, and even those along the Canadian side of Lake Superior, will be kept in operation as long as ice conditions permit.

## GOVERNMENT TO PAY HALF FEE

As an encouragement to Alberta seed sales to exhibit at Boston World's Grain Congress in July 1933, the provincial department of agriculture has agreed to pay half the entry fee in each class for each exhibitor entering. The total fee now payable for those entries have been reduced by the commission in charge of the fair, and will be \$2.00 in the major classes and \$1.50 in the minor classes, of which half will now be assumed by the department.

If any farmer in the Carbon district wishes to enter seed grain at this exhibition, we would advise them to get in communication with the Minister of Agriculture at Edmonton immediately.

## WAR'S TRAIL OF DEBT

Until April, 1917, Britain was general creditor, some nations had borrowed from America. After April, 1917, when America entered the war, war costs strained allied resources to the breaking point. American loans came to the rescue with loans totalling about \$10,328,000 between then and November 30th.

Sept. 26, 1919, Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass, of the United States in view of the fact that interest on the American loans was well below that of new loans, announced a moratorium on interest payments for about three years.

In 1922 Britain, in the Dailfort note, suggested a general debt cancellation, which came to nothing. In 1922 the close moratorium expired. Britain alone resumed payments. June 19, 1923, Britain, first of the big powers, signed an agreement to pay the full amount and arrears in 62 annual payments (due Dec. 15), with semi-annual interest payments at an average interest of 3.5 per cent for the whole period. France signed the debt agreement, April 26, with no interest for five years and arrears interest for the whole period of 1.4 per cent. Italy signed in 1925, with average interest of 8.4 per cent.

In 1927 the whole financial structure collapsed. The allied powers had made regular payments to America. The money for these came largely from German reparations. The money for German reparations was largely lent by America. At the time when America stopped lending private money to Germany early in 1931, Germany collapsed and the general breakdown came.

June 30, 1931, the Hoover moratorium went into effect. Britain up till then had paid \$1,911,798,295; France, \$1,867,675,891; and Italy \$97,564,472. June 30, 1931, the Lausanne Conference, proposed by Britain, scaled down German annual payments from upward of \$286,000,000 to nothing for the following three years, afterward approximately \$42,000,000. By this plan the main debtor nations sacrificed the reparations money with which they had paid their debts. They are now seeking a general debt revision.

## THE OLIVE WEST PLAYERS

On Thursday evening, December 1st, Eddie "Pop" Reil and his company will present a comedy-drama from the "Shooting of Dan McGrew". This show will be held in the Farmers' Exchange hall and is one of Music, comedy, drama and dancing.

Following the show a free dance will be held in the hall, the admission charge for the entire programme being children 15c; adults 25c, plus tax.

## NEW GOLD FIELD LOCATED

Assays of \$10 and \$15 per ton in gold together with demonstrated presence of other metals on claims in the Rhineland area, west of the Lakehead on the Winnipeg line of the C.N.R., have led to the belief that another deposit of importance has been opened up in that field. The region has often received interesting results from exploration and is possibly unique in Canada for the variety of minerals found in the properties that have been opened up.

## ELI POXON DIES ON FRIDAY LAST BURIED SUNDAY

Death robbed Carbon of one of its eldest citizens on Thursday evening about 6:30 o'clock, when Eli Poxon died after a short illness.

The late Eli Poxon was 82 years of age and came to Canada 20 years ago from England, and settled in Carbon. Besides his surviving wife, he leaves to mourn his loss four sons and three daughters, of which two sons, Wilfred and Leonard, and one daughter, Mrs. R. Heath, reside in Carbon, and the others in the Old Country.

Funeral services were held on Sunday afternoon from the United Church, Carbon, the Rev. Wm. McNeil officiating. Pall bearers were Messrs. J. Atkinson, Joe Hymle, H. N. Elliott, C. H. Nash, W. A. Brasher, and L.G. McQuade.

Many friends and acquaintances gathered at the church and graveyard to pay their last respects to the deceased, and the funeral tributes were numerous.

Winter Bazaar, Funeral Home, Drumheller, had charge of funeral arrangements, and interment was made in the Carbon cemetery.

## MUNICIPAL DELEGATES DO NOT FAVOR ENLARGED MUNICIPAL DISTRICTS

Enlargement of municipal districts coupled with drastic reduction in the total number of these in the province met the stern disapproval of delegates to the Alberta Association of Municipal Districts convention on Friday morning last. Not only did the delegates go on record as being opposed to the perfecting of enlarged areas, they also refused to allow the question to go back to their executive for another 12 months.

Expressions from the floor of the convention hall gave evidence of the widespread skepticism concerning possible savings through the plan of amalgamation and fears that powers now possessed by municipal councils would be usurped.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

Cancellation will be made of all penalties on payment of arrears of Village and School taxes up till December 15th. On current taxes a discount of 5 per cent will be made up to December 15th and of 2-1/2 per cent to December 31st.

Notice is also given that a Village Tax Sale will be held on December 27th.

ALEX. REID,

Secretary-Treasurer

## COMING THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1ST

IN THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE HALL, CARBON

## THE OLIVE WEST PLAYERS

--- from ---

## "The Shooting of Dan McGrew"

WITH EDDIE "POP" REIL

MUSIC COMEDY DRAMA DANCING

Admission: Children 15c; Adults 25c, plus tax.

## Free Dance After the Show

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# Canadian Banking System And The Way It Functions To Carry On Business Of The Country

(By Arthur J. Reynolds to Agricultural and Industrial Progress)

In the course of my duties for my bank it is my privilege to be in a good deal of time in the territory of our good neighbours in the United States. Over there at present, with one exception, no subject is engaging more attention than that of banking. A sound banking system is, therefore, all the backbone of a nation's trade.

In my travels I find that next to our laws, our generous outstretched neighbours admire our bank. And rightly so, for in the period of bankless inertia through which we have all been passing the Canadian does not even stop to question, let alone admire, how marvellously our banks have stood the strain as compared with those of other countries. Our banking system was grounded particularly on principles enunciated originally by a great American, Alexander Hamilton, in 1855. In addition to this we also had the favourable example of the branch banking system of Great Britain to draw upon. It will not go into details of our evolution, but it is sufficient to say that even though it started out as safe principle, it was by no means a static thing. It has taken years of growth and change to produce the good bank we enjoy here today. Our banks are under which we operate, in an elastic form of legislation, allowing for changes or amendments as circumstances demand their necessity. As a result, we shall go on, each decennial revision of this Bank Act making such changes or improvements as may be required. It is a safe principle, and it is to provide a safe place where the public may keep money and valuables, to loan to the owner, and to provide public safety and depositors with an agent for the collection and remission of money; and to provide, with a convenient currency, in the shape of its own promissory notes, intended to circulate as money.

The principle purpose, that of providing a safe place for money and valuables, is really the backbone of the "Bank." A modern bank is equipped with the safekeeping facilities, the bigger the bank the better and the elaborate the facilities. These are today, through the various devices utilized the safe and vaults of the modern bank are almost impregnable. In addition to that, you will find the banks are equipped with the deposit boxes. These are really small compartments in the bank where the individual can store his own papers or valuables privately, mainly his own key, and in fact, he has a small safe of his own for a mere trifling annual rental. In fact, by speaking, the safety of a bank from external robbery is pretty well established. However, internal robbery is to be provided against, and there is no more dangerous danger to a bank than within the ranks, and the failure of a bank is caused by the betrayal of trust or mismanagement by its officers. There have been often the chief cause of failure. The best test of a bank is this: the character of a bank's staff. Canada we put our trust in them carefully. We take young ladies about 17 years of age from universities and are trained in the bank's services. They go through a school that teaches the high ideals of the profession, and in their formative years are carefully watched and guided by the senior officers. The clerks develop an "esprit de corps" similar to that of a great school or regiment. In addition to this we have internal inspection by head office officials, double custody of cash and securities, and the best of security by Government, so that, all told, we also could afford many alarming losses from within our banks.

Now we come to office number two, that of loaning the money paid in to the bank by its shareholders and depositors, to the public safely at a profit. This comprises the main work of the bank and is really the most arduous and responsible of its duties. The hazards in banking are many. Fraud on the part of its customers, variance to say, is not as prevalent as many people think, but a bad crop, for instance, in Western Canada generally leaves an aftermath of losses, and commercial failures are not infrequently Canada do the same thing, so banks have to be very careful in their loans. There is always a big demand for money in good times which is very hard to get in when prosperity is at a low ebb. Now the Bank Act under which Canadian banks operate, lays down fairly stringent regulations regarding what a bank can loan upon, and, broadly speaking, a Canadian bank is supposed to supply only liquid capital for commerce. It is to be clear that long term loans in the shape of mortgages, property or other real estate investments. Loans the bank cannot take care of other institutions insurance companies and the like. The branches of the bank in various ways. For instance, a branch finances a lumberman to take out rough lumber and to manufacture it, and he pays back when he sells it. The textile manufacturer is financed to buy his raw wool. He pays when it is marketed in the form of yarn. The farmer is financed for his spring expenses. He pays from his crop in the fall. In fact, any industry that buys and sells for a quick turnover can be financed by a bank, provided, of course, that the industry is in good shape.

There is no job so hard on a conscientious banker as to be a conscientious banker.

## One More Queer Idea

Doukhobors Horrified At Thought Of Harming a Fly  
Warden, spare that fly.

That became the plea of Doukhobor women in the Nelson jail recently when they observed, to their horror, that the rooms of their dormitory and kitchen were being equipped with flypaper. For Doukhobors literally would not harm a fly!

Taking life in any form or even employing animals in any kind of service is contrary to the principles of the Sons of Freedom Doukhobor cult. That explains why their women work in the fields like draught animals, hauling ploughs and wagons. That explains why they never eat meat and why they refuse to use leather for any purpose.

When several core Doukhobor boys arrived at the Industrial School at Coquitlam to remain there during the incarceration of their parents they were rubber shoes. They refused to wear leather boots, but finally were persuaded to do so.

The protest against flypaper was one of several grievances voiced by Doukhobor women, and the flypaper has not been removed.



By Ruth Rogers



## Conscience Money

Federal Treasury Is Enriched By Sum Of \$12,500.

The largest single amount of conscience money ever received by the Department of National Revenue was handed to the department recently in the form of a cheque for \$12,500. A lady and gentleman appeared at the office and stated they were residents of Montreal and that this sum included the duty on a cheque for \$12,500 on articles brought into Canada over a term of years without payment of duty.

The couple explained they had come into contact with the members of the Oxford group and this payment of money owing was a direct result of their changed outlook on life.

Two other sums of "conscience money" have been received by the department. One was for \$1,000 and excise division of the department of national revenue, as a direct result of the Oxford group message.

## Kept Up His Record

George Farwell, of Milwaukee, who helped elect Abraham Lincoln in 1860 voted in the 15th United States Presidential ballot on November 8, Ninety-four, he said, is a good voting age. A fellow known pretty well "what" he said. He voted for Hoover this time, he said, and thereby kept intact 22-year-old record of always voting the Republican ticket.

## Woman Restores Paintings

Mrs. Hannah Restor of Philadelphia, says it's better to restore a masterpiece than to paint a "good" picture. And that is why she has given more talent during the past 25 years in the restoration of fine old paintings.

There are 200 rooms in Buckingham Palace.

## A JUMPER DRESS WITH EPU-LETS CREATE WIDENED SHOULDER-LINE FOR "SMART" JUNIOR

Here's a new type of jumper dress the little girl of school age will love. It's so simple, yet has so much smartness.

Mother will love it too for it's so easily made and at a small outlay.

The navy blue woolen jumper was patterned down the center-front skirt lapped plait, the belt and the epaulettes and gave a most pleasing tailored effect. However, the styling may be omitted.

The separate gulle was white cotton broadcloth.

By gluing the wardrobe extra expense, you could make two or three different styles.

Style No. 924 is designed for sizes 8 to 10 and 14 years. It requires 1 1/2 yards 39-inch for dress and 1 1/2 yards 39-inch for blouse. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or cash (cash is preferred). Wrap coupon carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Pattern No. \_\_\_\_\_

Size \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

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# Canada's 1932 Arctic Patrol Returns After A Successful Expedition To Northern Posts

Canada's 1932 expedition to the eastern islands of the Arctic archipelago has returned after a 75-day voyage on the S.S. Ungava. In many respects this year's patrol under the direction of the Department of the Interior, was outstanding among the voyages of recent years to the Far North. In order to effect the greatest economy in cost the Department utilized one of the Hudson's Bay Company's ships on its voyage to the various trading posts, the usual itinerary being extended to enable visits to be made to the Government posts on the far northern islands.

Altogether twenty-five calls were made during the 9,000 mile voyage. Beginning at Montreal on July 9, the "Ungava" made its next stop at Cartwright on the Labrador coast completing the 1,024 miles on the 14th. From there the patrol proceeded to Port Burwell at the entrance to Hudson Strait, crossed the Strait to Lake Huron, and then to the southern shore of Bathin Island, recrossed the Strait to Wakeham Bay, moved westward to Sukk West and Wolstenholme, and then around into the bay for calls at Cape Smith and Port Harrison on the eastern shore of the bay. At Port Harrison the farthest south point of the voyage was reached and incidentally the highest temperature of the voyage was experienced when the thermometer rose to 58 degrees.

Turning northward a call was made at Southampton Island, the boat returned to Wolstenholme, and then passing to Dorset, Bathin Island, Lake Harbour and Burwell each received a second visit before the boat was headed for Davis Strait and Bathin Island. From Bathin Island, Cape York, and Pond Inlet, Bathin Island, Craig Harbour, Ellesmere Island, Dundas Island, and finally to the northern tip of Ellesmere Island, and Godhavn, Greenland, were also visited during the circuit of the northern loop of the itinerary. The visit to Godhavn was the only "hot" call at the seat of Danish local government where courtesies were exchanged.

In the course of this year's patrol ample opportunity was given members of the Government expedition to make extensive inspections at each of the posts visited. Major D. L. McKinnon, of the Department of the Interior, Officer in Charge of the expedition, made a personal visit to the various posts and made calls at each of the posts of call in the archipelago taking a census of the inhabitants and surveying health, wild life, and general conditions. Dr. John S. Douglas, of the Department of Penitents and National Health, held clinics at each of the northern posts and prescribed treatment whenever necessary. He reported that he was struck by the healthy condition prevailing among the native and white inhabitants of the various posts, there having been no serious outbreaks of disease during the past year. In his trip to halt the heavy icebergs being made among Eskimo dogs by sick dogs, Dr. West, Pathologist of the Health of Animals Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, inoculated dogs at all the posts. Mr. Garnet A. Wootton, M.A., who acted as Secretary to the officer in charge and historian of the expedition, in addition to his regular duties, made observations of the solar eclipse on August 31 while the ship was approximately in latitude 78 degrees north, about five miles off Cape Sabine, Ellesmere Island. This was the most northerly point reached by the patrol. He also made a study of the aurora borealis and experimented with short wave radio equipment, gaining much valuable information. Inspector T. V. Sandys-Wheeler, in charge of the patrol, was accompanied by a party of Royal Canadian Mounted Police party, inspected the various detachments and supervised the changes of personnel at the various posts. Captain T. F. Smith was ship's master and his crew consisted of thirty-five officers and men.

Unusual ice and weather conditions prevailed particularly during the more northerly part of the voyage. The ice was worst from Pond Inlet, Harbour, Bathin Island, on August 11, two weeks later than in previous years and his inches of snow fell at River Clyde, Bathin Island, on August 26, the day on which the expedition arrived. Several severe storms occurred but fortunately on each occasion the expedition was in port. Heavy ice was met with and huge pans, which had not moved out since the last year's patrol, were found in the Peninsula, the most northerly post on the patrol. For fourteen hours the ship was manoeuvred in Smith Sound in an effort to find an opening in the barrier but without success. The coldest weather experienced during the voyage prevailed during this period when the mercury dropped to 288 degrees below zero, the freezing temperature added to the dangers of being caught in the ice and the ship was forced to retreat to Craig Harbour on the southern shore of the island where the supplies and mail for Bache Peninsula detachment were landed. Conditions in the Far North as regards the natives were reported as very satisfactory. During the trip which included calls at the principal posts in an area extending roughly 1,200 miles north and south and 750 miles east and west, contact was made with approximately 800 natives or more than half the Eskimo population of the Northwest Territories. The medical examinations conducted showed that the population had been singularly free from disease during 1931-32. The year was an average one for the number of natives taken, the bearers and other wild life being fairly plentiful. There were few cases of destitution, the natives as a rule being supplied with the necessities of life.

## Royal Winter Fair

Saskatchewan Boys Take Highest Award In Grain Contest

Ontario teams won the bulk of the judging competition in the national contests for Boys' and Girls' Agricultural clubs at the Royal Winter Fair in Toronto, carrying off the championships in the beef cattle, swine and potato divisions. For the second consecutive year Quebec scored a victory in dairy cattle class, while the Columbia won the poultry competition.

The highest award in the grain product was captured by Kennebec Grain Club of Saskatchewan, represented by David Clark and Donald Clark.

The contestants were required to judge livestock, potatoes and seed grain, and to give reasons for their decisions. The competition was sponsored by the Canadian council on boys' and girls' club work, the Department of Agriculture in the various provinces and several industrial concerns.

## Many Nationalities

In Saskatchewan

Government Translator Thinks 22

Lands Represented In Province

Winnipeg, Saskatchewan, Government translator has a speaking acquaintance of 20 languages. He thinks there are about 22 distinct languages spoken in the province.

He declares correspondence, newspapers and magazines sent to the Government, in the use of the languages are the Russian or any of the Slav tongues.

He was born in Vienna, Austria, and came to Canada in 1906, and has been in Canada since 1906. In his office he is surrounded with foreign dictionaries and in his working hours studies such mysteries as the inflection of Russian verbs and other language peculiarities.

## Grain At Churchill

Total Of 5,167,000 Bushels Received

And 2,550,258 Stowed

The arrival recently of six cars of grain completed the 1932 season's performance at Churchill. The grain, received from the north, was stowed to a total of 2,550,258. In the government elevator.

During the season 10 boats cleared, with 2,736,695 bushels, making a grand total of 5,167,000 bushels, or 3,678 cars of grain moved over the Hudson Bay Railway.

## Valuable To Sailors

A new radio apparatus has been designed to permit sending of footsail weather maps from land weather bureau to ships at sea. Maps 8 1/2 by 11 1/2 inches may be sent by radio, giving officers of ships a detailed picture of weather conditions on the entire ocean.

Less than a hundred years ago, the only way of providing mail on ocean voyages was by carrying a cow on the ship.

Births reported in London in a recent week totalled 429, and deaths 807.

England has 3,000,000 bachelors between the ages of 20 and 50.

## + Do You Know? +

Phonograph, Canadian National Railway

THAT in northern Quebec where a circus is something that is only read about and a midway is almost as legendary as a phoenix, children resemble the show boys of the show.

Home-made merry-go-rounds are common sights but as far as is known, St. Alpha's boasts the only Ferris wheel within a hundred miles. You see it above.

There are 200 rooms in Buckingham Palace.

Mrs. Hannah Restor of Philadelphia, says it's better to restore a masterpiece than to paint a "good" picture. And that is why she has given more talent during the past 25 years in the restoration of fine old paintings.

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## TARIFF CHANGES MEET OPPOSITION OF WESTERNERS

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons became entangled on hurried vote today and only 11 tariff changes resulting from the Anglo-Canadian trade treaty were passed in the short session.

A 10 per cent. tariff against foreign barbed wire, said Premier R. B. Bennett, "have resolved to destroy the Canadian industry, dumping large quantities in this country, demoralizing prices." The tariff itself was designed to curb the dumping, giving Canadian manufacturers reasonable protection. He doubted if the tariff would be any material increase in prices.

Finally the vote passed but another obstacle lay ahead, 25 per cent. tariffs against foreign car and motor vehicle parts, and the tariff against foreign wire, said the tariff itself would raise prices to the farmers.

The United Kingdom would continue to have free entry for its exports, said Hon. Harry Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce. Manufacturers in that country had assured him that they could supply the Canadian market without increasing prices.

### Hazardous Flights

United States To Keep Closer Supervision On Foodstuffs Airmen  
Washington.—Adventurous United States airmen planning hazardous flights to foreign lands will have to pass strict government scrutiny in the future and may be denied permission if the undertaking seems too risky.

The aeronautics branch of the United States Department of Commerce served notice today that it will exercise closer supervision over preparations for such flights by citizens than it has in the past.

### Death Of Major Sifton

Secretary-Treasurer Of Winnipeg Free Press Passes In Toronto  
Toronto, Ont.—John Wright Sifton, secretary-treasurer of the Winnipeg Free Press, died November 15.

Mr. Sifton, who was 66 years old, had lived in Toronto for some time following a long holiday in the United States. He died after a long illness, although his condition did not become critical until a few weeks ago.

Mr. Sifton, who was formerly Minister Christine Bell, Montreal, survives.

For Armament Reduction  
London, Eng.—Great Britain's demand for reduction of armaments by land, sea and air, Sir John Simon, secretary for foreign affairs, by a declaration before the Bureau of Disarmament Conference at Geneva, and the British Government in the form of a white paper tabled in the House of Commons today laid down the main lines of British disarmament policy.

Loan Is Subscribed  
Montreal, Que.—Beyond confirming the statement by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance, that the new Dominion loan of \$50,000,000 had been fully subscribed, the central campaign committee here had no information to offer. That all the applications had been totalling up it would not be possible to state the extent of the over-subscription.

No Stigma Attached To Relief  
Calgary, Alta.—Declaring no stigma could be attached to those in need of relief through misfortune, the annual convention of the Alberta Association of Municipal Districts rejected a resolution that each municipality establish a paupers' fund from which relief payments would be made.

May Be Open Court Smeared  
Victoria, B.C.—Possibility of reopening the Lady Patricia matter to handle the copper ore from the Britannia mines on Howe Sound, and so to enable those mines to come in under the British process, and to continue operation, was under discussion by members of the government.

W. N. O. 1902

## New Duties Now Effective

Ottawa Trade Agreements Now Law

In Brief  
London, Eng.—The Ottawa agreements implementing the United Kingdom's new trade pact with the Dominions has become law. New duties set out in the bill became effective at midnight, November 16, retroactive to the date the Import Duties Act passed last year.

The bill was given third reading by the House of Lords and immediately afterwards obtained royal assent by commission.

Meanwhile a treasury order was issued extending, without interrupting, general empire preferences and special tariffs imposed under the Import Duties Act. Another order made the Ottawa preferences effective. Had no agreements been reached at Ottawa the preference would have lapsed November 15.

The treasury order continued preferences on goods from all countries of the British Empire with the exception of the Free State, which failed to conclude an agreement with the United Kingdom at Ottawa.

Remaining provisions of the Ottawa Agreements Act, brought into force at once, concern powers and duties of the treasury and the board of trade which require no immediate action.

## Figure Tariff Changes

Members Of Parliament Fetter In Repeal Of Higher Mathematics  
Ottawa, Ont.—Staid members of parliament reached for pencils and scratch pads when discussing changes in the Canadian tariff resulting from the Anglo-Canadian trade treaty.

Liberals were in an inquisitive mood, wanting to know just how the exchange dumping duties, excise duties and sales tax would elevate tariff items specified in the agreement. E. J. Young (Lib., Wayburn), and ardent free-trader, said a 20 per cent. tariff against British-made goods would result in a 47 per cent. when the extra imports were added. United States kitchenware paid 30 per cent.

Pencils and paper appeared on the desks. Members began involved calculations, most of them giving up in disgust when the realities of higher mathematics were reached.

## Youths To Be Spanked

Attorney-General Makes Punishment

Fit The Crime  
Victoria, B.C.—British Columbia youths who think it is smart to drink in beer parlors will be punished by the good old-fashioned method used by fathers of the last generation in the wilderness.

They will be spanked in the place provided by nature for such recalcitrance, under arrangements instituted by the attorney-general's department.

The interesting new punishment, designed to chastise boys, without confining them with criminals in jail, was proposed by Attorney-General R. B. Pooley when he called on to review the case of two Kamloops youngsters. They were convicted that 14,000 were people who had not worked very steadily since 1918. Another 100,000 were what were known as transients, 50 per cent. of whom were recent arrivals in Canada.

## Unemployed Spectre

800,000 Men, Women and Children

Receiving Relief In Canada  
Ottawa, Ont.—Canada has 800,000 men, women and children receiving relief, Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, announced in the House of Commons.

Of the total number mentioned, said Mr. Gordon, it was estimated that 14,000 were people who had not worked very steadily since 1918. Another 100,000 were what were known as transients, 50 per cent. of whom were recent arrivals in Canada.

Grain Shipped Through Maritime  
Saint John, N.B.—A million bushels of grain are moving eastward for shipment through this port early in December. It has already been planned for shipment via Saint John. It was announced by Harbor Commissioner Thomas Nault on his return from Montreal, where he interviewed railway and steamship officials and some of the leading shippers.

## Favors Longer Hours

Montreal, Que.—Longer working hours—"a 12 or 14-hour day of labor"—were suggested by Henry J. Brown, former president of the Canadian Bankers' Association and General Manager of La Banque Canadienne Nationale, addressing the Purchasing Agents' Association here.

## Thief Drops Loot

Jewelry Taken From Residence Is Recovered

In Brief  
Vancouver, B.C.—"Was my face red?" the thief probably remarked as he told of his night's venture.

He made a clean get-away with \$1,000 worth of jewelry from the home of Mrs. G. M. Hughes, taking the dresser drawer in which it was concealed. He cross-countryed backyards and hurried fences until in the safety of his hide-out he looked to get away from his loot.

The denouement came Wednesday when the jewelry was found in an adjoining yard from the home from which it was stolen. The thief had dropped it as he carefully guarded the doorway during the course of his post-Olympic effort.

## Income Tax Collections

Increase Is Shown In Figures Issued

At Ottawa  
Ottawa, Ont.—An increase of \$400,454 in income tax collections is shown in the figures issued by the Department of National Revenue. The total for October, 1931, was \$229,443, and for last month, \$1,284,898.

For the seven months of the fiscal year income tax collections have increased by \$2,329,968 over the same period of last year. Total collections were \$5,546,512 in the 1931 period and \$2,872,814 this year.

## EVOLVE PLAN IN EUROPE TO AID UNEMPLOYMENT

Paris, France.—The creation of an economic consortium by Great Britain, France and Germany which is designed to assist in the return of property and in coping with the unemployment problem, was announced by the French government today. The plan, which will be in charge of its operation.

"We foresee," said M. Patenotte, "a return of prosperity by the natural process of the development of industrialization."

"The unemployed in the smaller depressed countries will be given work, while the jobs in the larger countries will be relieved by the operation of factories."

The plan was described as a combination of French capital and German industry, with guarantees covering the subjects of insurance, security and non-competition. The first project of the consortium will be the offer of a loan of 17,000,000 francs (currently about \$1,000,000) for the electrification of railways in Poland, Roumania, Iraq and Portugal.

The Paris edition of the New York Herald Tribune said France and Great Britain would provide 40 per cent of this loan each, and Germany would furnish 20 per cent.

The consortium will consist of three syndicates—France-German financial empire, British-French and German bankers, and a Franco-German syndicate designed to carry out recommendations of the banking group in the electrification projects.

M. Patenotte said the organization was purely an economic agreement.

## MORROW FANCE



Aubrey Neil Morgan, business man of Cardiff, Wales, whose engagement to Miss Elizabeth Morrow, eldest daughter of the late Senator Dwight Morrow, was recently announced. Miss Morrow met her fiancé while visiting London with her father in 1929.

## Exports Increased

Wheat Shipment Boost Exports For Month Of October

Ottawa, Ont.—Exports to foreign countries increased by \$1,088,178 during October, according to figures released by the Department of National Revenue.

The increase, compared with the figures for October, 1931, occurred chiefly in exports of wheat, the value of which was more than double that of the same month last year.

Last month's exports had a value of \$3,028,065, as against \$537,917 for October, 1931. Re-exports were \$334,249 compared with \$99,082 for the same month last year.

A heavy decline in imports from \$4,952,272 in October a year ago to \$7,582,206 last month, boosted Canada's export balance to \$19,971,068. Total trade for the month under review had a value of \$94,346,580, against \$101,466,571 for October, 1931.

## Winter Fair Winners

Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba Share In Honor

Toronto, Ont.—James Whitehead, grower, of Saskatoon, scored a double victory at the Royal Winter Fair as champion of grain exhibits got under way.

In the grain in sheaves section, Whitehead won with his sample of wheat and also took first place in the barley division. Oats award went to Carl Schmidt of Carleton Place, Ontario.

The entry of Patrick Shea, Winnipeg, "Warrior," was declared champion gelding, with reserve going to "Martin," owned by Gibbs Brothers, Lumsden, Saskatchewan.

"Sandy," owned by Jack Lewis, Delisle, Alberta, won the Clydesdale gelding special and "Martin" owned by Gibbs Brothers, the Belgian special.

## No Report Received

Ottawa, Ont.—Department of justice has received no report from the investigation into the recent riot at Portmouth penitentiary, Hon. Hugh Guthrie told the House of Commons.

## Russia's Food Problem Is Becoming Serious

People Are Now Subsisting On Most Stringent Rations

Moscow, Russia.—On the eve of the conclusion of the five-year plan, which is being ended in four years—Soviet Russia is struggling with the oldest and most stubborn of food for its people.

The food situation is bound to be one of the chief problems of the second five-year plan, now in the process of drafting. Russians are subsisting on most stringent rations.

There is a serious shortage of such commodities as wheat, sugar and butter. In the second plan, by all indications, greater emphasis than ever will be placed on the improvement of general living standards.

Although the state of the country's food supply is admittedly bad—some Russians say it is worse than in 1929, when the five-year plan started—no facts are available here to bear out these impressions heard abroad of widespread suffering this winter. On the contrary, the 1932 harvest is expected to ease present harsh conditions to some extent.

The country failed last year to achieve planned increase in industrial production, but 1932 record of pre-warable increases over the previous year.

## Policy Unchanged

Relief Administration For West Is Discussed At Ottawa

Ottawa, Ont.—Details of unemployed relief administration in Manitoba and Saskatchewan were discussed when Hon. M. A. Macpherson, provincial treasurer of Manitoba, conferred with Harry Herve, director of unemployment relief for Canada.

The meeting followed a conference with Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, last night, when Hon. George Hensley, Minister of Agriculture for Alberta, was also present.

No change in the general policy governing relief in western Canada was decided upon, it is understood.

## PRINCE GIVEN WARM WELCOME IN N. IRELAND

Belfast, Northern Ireland.—Citizens of Belfast and the surrounding counties turned out in record numbers to give the Prince of Wales an official welcome when he set foot on land for the first time—a welcome that overshadowed a display of bad temper by objecting nationalities.

When the prince arrived in the harbor a group of bombing planes saluted him from overhead. Decade-wide waves of flags and sent up cheers from the roof of the 21-gun salute from warships scarcely drowned them out.

Earlier, an effort that might have had serious consequences was made to prevent sightseers from coming to Belfast to see the prince, smiling good naturedly, take part in a five-mile parade to Stormont where he dedicated the new northern Ireland Parliament Buildings.

Long sections of the railroad between Kells, County Meath, in the Free State, and Belfast, were torn up, and other parts of the road were mired. Rails also were ripped up in the vicinity of Cavan, also in the Free State.

At one end of the breaks in the tracks were placed notices reading: "Ireland belongs to the Irish, both north and south." Red flags were planted at points where the rails were broken.

The Prince, wearing the uniform of a colonel of the Irish Guards, was greeted by the Duke of Abercorn, Governor of Ulster, Viscount Craigavon, the Prime Minister, and Sir R. Dawson Bates, secretary for home affairs. Then he stepped ashore amid wild cheering.

Of the 12,000 men on guard along the five-mile route to Stormont, 4,000 were armed soldiers and police and 8,000 were volunteer Orangemen.

The Prince was greeted warmly by the British in the World War when he made his speech of dedication.

"It is my father's earnest prayer," he said, "that you will meet all of those difficulties which confront the world as well as your own special problems with the courage, tenacity, loyalty and devotion which has always characterized the men of northern Ireland, and which have been in the annals of the empire."

## BRITISH PLAN FOR THE SOLVING OF ARMS ISSUE

Geneva, Switzerland.—Great Britain made a definite move to bring Germany back into the disarmament conference today when Sir John Simon, British Foreign Secretary, submitted to the League of Nations a plan designed to satisfy the German demand for arms equality.

The British plan for solving the equality issue rests upon four points. First, it provides for the re-affirmation by the European powers of the Kellogg pact.

Second, the plan provides that "limitation of Germany's armaments should be accomplished by the same disarmament convention which will define the limitations of the armaments of others."

This, Sir John explained, means that the limits of the new treaty, voluntarily accepted by all states, will be established for Germany and the defeated allies in the World War. The restrictive clauses of the peace treaty.

Third, "The newly expressed limitations in the case of Germany would last for the same period and be subject to the same methods of revision as those for all other countries."

The fourth point concerns Germany's request that she be permitted the same kind of arms as the others.

## War Debt Course

Hoover Is Opposed To Policy Of Debt Extension

Washington.—Criticizing his advisers around him, President Herbert Hoover plunged today deep into combat with the House of Representatives over debt course and of the policies his administration will pursue until its March 4 conclusion.

Cyler Mills, chairman of the treasury, discussed the policies to be outlined shortly in response to requests from Great Britain, France and other debtors for a review of their obligations and for a suspension of payments the December 15.

Although the president himself remained silent in debt matters, as possibly he may until the closer approach of his conference with Franklin D. Roosevelt, the president-elect, Mr. Hoover was represented in authoritative quarters as definitely opposed to such a course.

The president is not convinced, it was said, that all payments due the United States December 15, will not be made. He feels that a more rigid attitude should be adopted than any wholesale suspension of these payments.

## Preference For Canadian Ports

Will Be Used Wherever Possible For Overseas Wharves

Winnipeg, Man.—All things being equal, overseas cargo will continue to use Canadian Atlantic and Pacific ports for the movement of wheat to the United Kingdom.

Leading grain shippers interviewed by the Canadian Press stated that wherever possible Canadian ports were given the preference in handling Canadian grain for shipment overseas.

Many Post Offices Closed

Ottawa, Ont.—A total of 545 post offices have been closed in Canada since August 1, 1930, according to a report made today by the House of Commons. New post offices opened since that date numbered 278, of which 117 "covered their expenses."

## May Revise Pension Act

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, intimated in the House of Commons that a general revision of the old age pension legislation might take place at the adjournment of the parliamentary session next January.

## No Benefit Seen

Manchester, Eng.—The Manchester Chamber of Commerce believes reductions in the Canadian tariff already announced are unlikely to enable British cotton, artificial silk and textile exporters appreciably to increase their trade.

## Must Stay Put

Calgary, Alberta.—Alberta relief commission has announced efforts to check the movement of single unemployed in the province. The commission has ruled single workmen seeking relief will have to acquire it at the place they are now located.







**BUS SERVICE**  
CARBON, CALGARY, DRUMHELLER  
PASSENGERS & EXPRESS  
Leaves Carbon for Calgary and  
intermediate points daily at 8.30 a.m.  
Leaves Calgary for Carbon and  
Drumheller daily at 4.00 p.m.

**RIDE THE RED LINES  
AT LOWER FARES**  
**GENERAL CARTAGE**  
IN CARBON AND DISTRICT

**W. Poxon & Son**

**CARBON MACHINE  
LAUNDRY**  
DRY CLEANERS AND PRESSING

**LEE SING**  
PROPRIETOR

**WINTER BROS.'  
FUNERAL HOME**  
Next to Town Hall, Drumheller  
Have a branch in Carbon  
with stock in charge of Mr.  
Cuttman of the Carbon Trading Co.  
Ambulance Service Day and Night  
"A Modern Service at a Moderate Price"

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WE DO IT and guarantee satisfaction. You can at least  
give us a trial before you go to outside concerns who have no interest  
in our community.  
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TAILOR**  
Dry Cleaning — Repairing  
Men's and ladies' suits and  
coats cleaned, new pressed.  
**LOW PRICES**  
**ALEX SOBYSKI**

**This Winter's  
Travel Bargains**  
Take advantage of our exceptionally low fares—liberal stop-  
over privileges and return limit extensions.

To	From CARBON	Rate
<b>PACIFIC COAST</b>		
Tickets on sale daily till Feb. 25, 1933. Return limit April 30, 1933		
<b>EASTERN CANADA</b>		
Dates of sale December 1 to January 5, 1933 Return limit 3 months		
<b>Central U.S. Points</b>		
Dates of sale December 1 to January 5, 1933 Return limit 3 months		

Destination	Rate
VICTORIA VANCOUVER	45.00
New Westminster	Return
TORONTO LONDON	92.00
HAMILTON WINDSOR	Return
ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	54.40
DES MOINES CHICAGO	66.95 73.50
Return	

EQUALLY ATTRACTIVE REDUCTIONS FROM AND TO OTHER POINTS  
Full information from Ticket Agent.

**Canadian Pacific**  
**Pay Your Subscription Arrears  
In Wheat; 3 bu. for Each Year**

**The Carbon Chronicle**  
Issued Every Thursday at  
CARBON, ALBERTA  
Member Alberta Division Canadian  
Weekly Newspapers Association  
Subscription \$2.00 a year, U.S. \$2.50  
Payable Strictly in Advance  
**ADVERTISING RATES**  
Transient Advertising, per inch... 60c  
Reading Notice, per column line... 10c  
Legal Advertising, 15c per cent line  
First insertion and 15c per cent line  
each subsequent insertion.  
Notices of entertainments, meetings,  
sales, etc., at which admission is  
charged, articles sold, or collection  
taken, with the exception of actual  
church services, will be charged for  
at the regular advertising rates.  
All advertising charges of copy must  
be in the hands of the printers by  
noon on Tuesday, or no changes can  
be made or ads. discontinued.  
Paper goes to press Wednesday  
afternoon each week.  
**EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,**  
Editor and Publisher

The weather has been fairly mild  
this week and is ideal for the spreading  
of the flu.  
**HEAVY SUGAR BEET CROP**  
The sugar beet crop being harvested  
in the irrigation districts in Southern  
Alberta has proven heavier than ex-  
pected. More than 120,000 tons, pos-  
sibly 150,000 tons, will be dug, accord-  
ing to reports, from which nearly  
50,000 pounds of sugar will be made  
by the factories at Raymond.

Remember! When the next print-  
ing salesman calls into your office  
and asks you for a printing order, tell  
him that there is a printer in town and  
that he CAN do that particular job.

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**S. F. Torrance**  
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**THEATRE**  
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1932  
**LIONEL ATWILL, FAY WRAY AND  
LEE TRACY IN**

**DOCTOR  
X**  
12 Hollywood Directors called it  
a sensation... the men who hold  
the fate of film-land's nightiest  
stars in their hands actually cheer-  
ed this film! They hailed it as the  
greatest innovation since the birth  
of talking pictures.  
If you think you're thrill-proof,  
be on hand next Monday night.

**TOWN & COUNTY**  
**Personalographs**

Service at Christ Church, Carbon.  
will be held on 8.30 a.m., November 27,  
at 8.30 a.m. and will be conducted by  
Rev. Mr. Axon, of Drumheller.

The meeting of the Retail Merchants  
Association, which was to be held on  
December 2nd in Carbon, has been  
postponed till after the first of the new  
year.

—A tea, sale of work, and home dock-  
ing will be held under the auspices of  
the W.A. of the Church of England, in  
the Farmers' Exchange Hall, Carbon,  
on Saturday, November 26th. After-  
noon tea 2.00, from 2 to 4 p.m. Supper  
2.50, from 4 to 10 p.m.

November 30th is the last day on  
which we will accept wheat in ex-  
change for payment of arrears of sub-  
scription accounts to The Chronicle.  
If you intend to clear off your debt  
to this newspaper via the wheat plan  
do so immediately. You can save \$1.25  
a year on arrears now. You can't after  
the end of the present month, and we  
never expect to make this offer again.  
The loss is too great.

The Builders' Hardware sale ends on  
Saturday.

Norman Woodford left last week for  
his home in Calgary after spending the  
fall months at the home of Mr. and  
Mrs. T. J. Ramsay.

Joe J. Connolly, the local high school  
teacher, has been on the sick list this  
week and as a result, some of the pu-  
blice have been taking a holiday.

The Carbon Tennis Club banquet,  
which was to have been held on Friday  
last, has been postponed on account  
of sickness in the town.

Percy Edwards left the first of the  
week for Lethbridge, where he will at-  
tend the annual convention of the Ho-  
tel Association.

Rev. Wm. McNeish was a Calgary  
visitor the first part of the week.

Ice making has been commenced at  
the Carbon skating rink, although pro-  
gress has been slow.

**Coleman**  
PATENT NO. 100,000  
**NEW  
COLEMAN MANTLES**  
**Give Better Light**  
The new and improved Coleman Mantles  
produce better light and a third more of it.  
They are made of special treated rayon  
fiber and saturated with the purest of light  
giving chemicals.  
They are tougher, more flexible, with-  
stand shocks and jars... made stronger to  
last longer. Specially correct in design,  
size and mesh. No side seams. Reinforced  
across bottoms where pressure is strongest.  
Always uniform quality... the best.  
Made especially for use on Coleman  
Lamps and Lanterns.  
Buy them by the package.  
**THE COLEMAN LAMP AND STOVE CO. LTD.**  
Quebec, St. East & Ontario Ave.,  
Toronto, St. Ontario  
**ASK YOUR DEALER**

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— CALGARY'S POPULAR PRICED HOTELS —  
**HOTEL YORK**  
EVERYTHING NEWEST — RATE \$ 8.00 TO 9.00  
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices  
— ALSO OPERATING —  
**HOTEL ST. REGIS**  
Weekly and Monthly Rates RATES: 1.00 and 1.50

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Men's Socks, all wool, 30c a pr. Men's Heavy Wool Sweaters \$3.25  
Men's Felt Boots, best quality, per pair \$2.35  
Men's Felt Boots, second quality, per pair \$1.75  
Men's Buckskin cloth Shirts, Each \$1.55  
Men's Penman's Underwear, shirts or drawers, each .85c  
Penman's Combinations, \$1.45  
Men's Rubbers, red bottoms, rolled edge, per pair .95c

**W. A. BRAISHER**  
**WANT ADS. GET RESULTS**

**Only 6 More Days**  
**IN WHICH TO  
EXCHANGE  
WHEAT FOR  
SUBSCRIPTION  
ARREARS TO**  
**THE CARBON CHRONICLE**

**Scrupulous care**  
**in the selection of ingredients and**  
**painstaking supervision of an ex-**  
**pert staff of brewers guarantees**  
**the uniform high quality, mellow**  
**flavor and invigorating strength of**  
**the beers brewed in Alberta.**

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